Docket No.: 2001.689USD1 Appl. No. 10/602,129

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## 1-9. (Canceled)

10. (Currently Amended) A method of inactivating a viral or microbial agent in a biological source material, comprising a step of contacting the biological source material with a solution consisting essentially of an effective amount of an amine, wherein the amine is selected from the group consisting of: dimethyldecylamine, dimethyltridecylamine, dimethyltundecylamine, dimethyldidecylamine, dimethyltetradecylamine, and dimethyltexadecylamine and wherein the biological source material comprises a biomolecule of interest.

## 11. (Canceled).

12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10, wherein the amine comprises from 0.001 to 10 percent, by weight, of the solution.

## 13-15. (Canceled).

- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10, further comprising lysing the source material.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10, wherein the effective amount of the amine is that which provides about 0.5 %, by weight, of the amine in the combined biological source material and solution.
- 18. (Currently Amended) A method of inactivating a viral or microbial agent in a biological source material, comprising a step of contacting the biological source material with a solution consisting essentially of an effective amount of an amine oxide, wherein the amine oxide is selected from the group consisting of: dimethyldecylaminoxide, dimethylundecylamineoxide, dimethylundecylamineoxide and dimethyltridexylamineoxide and wherein the biological source material comprises a biomolecule of interest.

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19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the amine oxide is present in an amount from 0.001 to 10 percent, by weight, of the solution.

- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the effective amount of the amine oxide is that which provides about  $0.5\,\%$ , by weight, of the amine in the combined biological source material and solution.
- 21-24. (Canceled).
- 25. (Currently Amended) A method of inactivating a viral or microbial agent in a biological source material, comprising a step of contacting the biological source material with a solution consisting essentially of a polyol and an effective amount of an amine oxide, wherein the amine oxide is selected from the group consisting of: dimethyldecylaminoxide, dimethylundecylamineoxide, dimethyldidecylamineoxide and dimethyltridexylamineoxide and wherein the biological source material comprises a biomolecule of interest.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the amine oxide comprises from 0.001 to 10 percent of the solution.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the effective amount of the amine oxide is that which provides about  $0.5\,\%$ , by weight, of the amine in the combined biological source material and solution.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the polyol is glycerol.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the glycerol is from 0.6% to 6%, by weight, of the solution.
- 30. (Currently Amended) A method of inactivating a viral or microbial agent in a biological source material comprising the step of contacting the biological source material with a solution consisting essentially of a polyol and an effective amount of an amine, wherein the amine is selected from the group consisting of: dimethyldecylamine, dimethyltridecylamine.

dimethylundecylamine, dimethyldidecylamine, dimethyltetradecylamine, and dimethylhexadecylamine and wherein the biological source material comprises a biomolecule of interest.

- 31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein the amine comprises from 0.001 to 10 percent, by weight, of the solution.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein the effective amount of the amine is that which provides about 0.5% by weight of the amine in the combined biological source material and solution.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein the polyol is glycerol.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33, wherein the glycerol comprises from 0.6 to 6 percent, by weight, of the solution.
- 35. (New) The method of claim 10, wherein the biological source material is a mammalian cell.
- 36. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the biological source material is a mammalian cell.
- 37. (New) The method of claim 10, wherein the biomolecule of interest is a protein.